

**TABLE 95e-2 DIETARY REFERENCE INTAKES (DRIs): RECOMMENDED DIETARY ALLOWANCES AND ADEQUATE INTAKES FOR ELEMENTS**

| Life-Stage Group       | Calcium (mg/d) | Chromium (µg/d) | Copper (µg/d) | Fluoride (mg/d) | Iodine (µg/d) | Iron (mg/d) | Magnesium (mg/d) | Manganese (mg/d) | Molybdenum (µg/d) | Phosphorus (mg/d) | Selenium (µg/d) | Zinc (mg/d) | Potassium (g/d) | Sodium (g/d) | Chloride (g/d) |
|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|
| <b>Infants</b>         |                |                 |               |                 |               |             |                  |                  |                   |                   |                 |             |                 |              |                |
| Birth to 6 mo          | 200*           | 0.2*            | 200*          | 0.01*           | 110*          | 0.27*       | 30*              | 0.003*           | 2*                | 100*              | 15*             | 2*          | 0.4*            | 0.12*        | 0.18*          |
| 6–12 mo                | 260*           | 5.5*            | 220*          | 0.5*            | 130*          | 11          | 75*              | 0.6*             | 3*                | 275*              | 20*             | 3           | 0.7*            | 0.37*        | 0.57*          |
| <b>Children</b>        |                |                 |               |                 |               |             |                  |                  |                   |                   |                 |             |                 |              |                |
| 1–3 y                  | <b>700</b>     | 11*             | <b>340</b>    | 0.7*            | <b>90</b>     | <b>7</b>    | <b>80</b>        | 1.2*             | <b>17</b>         | <b>460</b>        | <b>20</b>       | <b>3</b>    | 3.0*            | 1.0*         | 1.5*           |
| 4–8 y                  | <b>1000</b>    | 15*             | <b>440</b>    | 1*              | <b>90</b>     | <b>10</b>   | <b>130</b>       | 1.5*             | <b>22</b>         | <b>500</b>        | <b>30</b>       | <b>5</b>    | 3.8*            | 1.2*         | 1.9*           |
| <b>Males</b>           |                |                 |               |                 |               |             |                  |                  |                   |                   |                 |             |                 |              |                |
| 9–13 y                 | <b>1300</b>    | 25*             | <b>700</b>    | 2*              | <b>120</b>    | <b>8</b>    | <b>240</b>       | 1.9*             | <b>34</b>         | <b>1250</b>       | <b>40</b>       | <b>8</b>    | 4.5*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 14–18 y                | <b>1300</b>    | 35*             | <b>890</b>    | 3*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>11</b>   | <b>410</b>       | 2.2*             | <b>43</b>         | <b>1250</b>       | <b>55</b>       | <b>11</b>   | 4.7*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 19–30 y                | <b>1000</b>    | 35*             | <b>900</b>    | 4*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>8</b>    | <b>400</b>       | 2.3*             | <b>45</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>55</b>       | <b>11</b>   | 4.7*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 31–50 y                | <b>1000</b>    | 35*             | <b>900</b>    | 4*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>8</b>    | <b>420</b>       | 2.3*             | <b>45</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>55</b>       | <b>11</b>   | 4.7*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 51–70 y                | <b>1000</b>    | 30*             | <b>900</b>    | 4*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>8</b>    | <b>420</b>       | 2.3*             | <b>45</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>55</b>       | <b>11</b>   | 4.7*            | 1.3*         | 2.0*           |
| >70 y                  | <b>1200</b>    | 30*             | <b>900</b>    | 4*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>8</b>    | <b>420</b>       | 2.3*             | <b>45</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>55</b>       | <b>11</b>   | 4.7*            | 1.2*         | 1.8*           |
| <b>Females</b>         |                |                 |               |                 |               |             |                  |                  |                   |                   |                 |             |                 |              |                |
| 9–13 y                 | <b>1300</b>    | 21*             | <b>700</b>    | 2*              | <b>120</b>    | <b>8</b>    | <b>240</b>       | 1.6*             | <b>34</b>         | <b>1250</b>       | <b>40</b>       | <b>8</b>    | 4.5*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 14–18 y                | <b>1300</b>    | 24*             | <b>890</b>    | 3*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>15</b>   | <b>360</b>       | 1.6*             | <b>43</b>         | <b>1250</b>       | <b>55</b>       | <b>9</b>    | 4.7*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 19–30 y                | <b>1000</b>    | 25*             | <b>900</b>    | 3*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>18</b>   | <b>310</b>       | 1.8*             | <b>45</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>55</b>       | <b>8</b>    | 4.7*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 31–50 y                | <b>1000</b>    | 25*             | <b>900</b>    | 3*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>18</b>   | 320              | 1.8*             | <b>45</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>55</b>       | <b>8</b>    | 4.7*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 51–70 y                | <b>1200</b>    | 20*             | <b>900</b>    | 3*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>8</b>    | <b>320</b>       | 1.8*             | <b>45</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>55</b>       | <b>8</b>    | 4.7*            | 1.3*         | 2.0*           |
| >70 y                  | <b>1200</b>    | 20*             | <b>900</b>    | 3*              | <b>150</b>    | <b>8</b>    | <b>320</b>       | 1.8*             | <b>45</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>55</b>       | <b>8</b>    | 4.7*            | 1.2*         | 1.8*           |
| <b>Pregnant women</b>  |                |                 |               |                 |               |             |                  |                  |                   |                   |                 |             |                 |              |                |
| 14–18 y                | <b>1300</b>    | 29*             | <b>1000</b>   | 3*              | <b>220</b>    | <b>27</b>   | <b>400</b>       | 2.0*             | <b>50</b>         | <b>1250</b>       | <b>60</b>       | <b>12</b>   | 4.7*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 19–30 y                | <b>1000</b>    | 30*             | <b>1000</b>   | 3*              | <b>220</b>    | <b>27</b>   | <b>350</b>       | 2.0*             | <b>50</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>60</b>       | <b>11</b>   | 4.7*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 31–50 y                | <b>1000</b>    | 30*             | <b>1000</b>   | 3*              | <b>220</b>    | <b>27</b>   | <b>360</b>       | 2.0*             | <b>50</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>60</b>       | <b>11</b>   | 4.7*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| <b>Lactating women</b> |                |                 |               |                 |               |             |                  |                  |                   |                   |                 |             |                 |              |                |
| 14–18 y                | <b>1300</b>    | 44*             | <b>1300</b>   | 3*              | <b>290</b>    | <b>10</b>   | <b>360</b>       | 2.6*             | <b>50</b>         | <b>1250</b>       | <b>70</b>       | <b>13</b>   | 5.1*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 19–30 y                | <b>1000</b>    | 45*             | <b>1300</b>   | 3*              | <b>290</b>    | <b>9</b>    | <b>310</b>       | 2.6*             | <b>50</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>70</b>       | <b>12</b>   | 5.1*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |
| 31–50 y                | <b>1000</b>    | 45*             | <b>1300</b>   | 3*              | <b>290</b>    | <b>9</b>    | <b>320</b>       | 2.6*             | <b>50</b>         | <b>700</b>        | <b>70</b>       | <b>12</b>   | 5.1*            | 1.5*         | 2.3*           |

**Note:** This table (taken from the DRI reports; see [www.nap.edu](http://www.nap.edu)) presents recommended dietary allowances (RDAs) in **bold type** and adequate intakes (AIs) in ordinary type followed by an asterisk (\*). An RDA is the average daily dietary intake level sufficient to meet the nutrient requirements of nearly all healthy individuals (97–98%) in a group. The RDA is calculated from an estimated average requirement (EAR). If sufficient scientific evidence is not available to establish an EAR and thus to calculate an RDA, an AI is usually developed. For healthy breast-fed infants, an AI is the mean intake. The AI for other life-stage and sex-specific groups is believed to cover the needs of all healthy individuals in those groups, but lack of data or uncertainty in the data makes it impossible to specify with confidence the percentage of individuals covered by this intake.

**Sources:** Food and Nutrition Board, Institute of Medicine, National Academies (<http://www.iom.edu/Activities/Nutrition/SummaryDRIs/DRI-Tables.aspx>), based on: *Dietary Reference Intakes for Calcium, Phosphorus, Magnesium, Vitamin D, and Fluoride* (1997); *Dietary Reference Intakes for Thiamin, Riboflavin, Niacin, Vitamin B<sub>6</sub>, Folate, Vitamin B<sub>12</sub>, Pantothenic Acid, Biotin, and Choline* (1998); *Dietary Reference Intakes for Vitamin C, Vitamin E, Selenium, and Carotenoids* (2000); and *Dietary Reference Intakes for Vitamin A, Vitamin K, Arsenic, Boron, Chromium, Copper, Iodine, Iron, Manganese, Molybdenum, Nickel, Silicon, Vanadium, and Zinc* (2001); *Dietary Reference Intakes for Water, Potassium, Sodium, Chloride, and Sulfate* (2005); and *Dietary Reference Intakes for Calcium and Vitamin D* (2011). These reports can be accessed via [www.nap.edu](http://www.nap.edu).

(e.g., pregnancy or lactation). The RDA, which is the nutrient-intake goal for planning diets of individuals, is defined statistically as two standard deviations above the EAR to ensure that the needs of any given individual are met. The online tool at <http://fnic.nal.usda.gov/interactiveDRI/> allows health professionals to calculate individualized daily nutrient recommendations for dietary planning based on the DRIs for persons of a given age, sex, and weight. The RDAs are used to formulate food guides such as the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) MyPlate Food Guide for individuals ([www.supertracker.usda.gov/default.aspx](http://www.supertracker.usda.gov/default.aspx)), to create food-exchange lists for therapeutic diet planning, and as a standard for describing the nutritional content of foods and nutrient-containing dietary supplements.

The risk of dietary inadequacy increases as intake falls below the RDA. However, the RDA is an overly generous criterion for evaluating nutrient adequacy. For example, by definition, the RDA exceeds the actual requirements of all but ~2–3% of the population. Therefore, many people whose intake falls below the RDA may still be getting enough of the nutrient. On food labels, the nutrient content in a food is stated by weight or as a percent of the daily value (DV), a variant of the RDA used on the nutrition facts panel that, for an adult, represents the highest RDA for an adult consuming 2000 kcal.

**Adequate Intake** It is not possible to set an RDA for some nutrients that do not have an established EAR. In this circumstance, the AI is

based on observed or experimentally determined approximations of nutrient intakes in healthy people. In the DRIs, AIs rather than RDAs are proposed for nutrients consumed by infants (up to age 1 year) as well as for chromium, fluoride, manganese, sodium, potassium, pantothenic acid, biotin, choline, and water consumed by persons of all ages. Vitamin D and calcium recommendations were recently revised, and more precise estimates are now available.

**Tolerable Upper Levels of Nutrient Intake** Healthy individuals derive no established benefit from consuming nutrient levels above the RDA or AI. In fact, excessive nutrient intake can disturb body functions and cause acute, progressive, or permanent disabilities. The tolerable UL is the highest level of chronic nutrient intake (usually daily) that is unlikely to pose a risk of adverse health effects for most of the population. Data on the adverse effects of large amounts of many nutrients are unavailable or too limited to establish a UL. Therefore, the lack of a UL does *not* mean that the risk of adverse effects from high intake is nonexistent. Nutrients in commonly eaten foods rarely exceed the UL. However, highly fortified foods and dietary supplements provide more concentrated amounts of nutrients per serving and thus pose a potential risk of toxicity. Nutrient supplements are labeled with supplement facts that express the amount of nutrient in absolute units or as the percentage of the DV provided per recommended serving size. Total nutrient consumption, including that in foods, supplements,