



FIGURE 25e-9 Rose spots are evident as erythematous macules on the trunk of this patient with typhoid fever. (Courtesy of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.)



FIGURE 25e-12 Chronic discoid lupus erythematosus. Violaceous, hyperpigmented, atrophic plaques, often with evidence of follicular plugging (which may result in scarring), are characteristic of this cutaneous form of lupus. (Reprinted from K Wolff, RA Johnson, AP Saavedra: *Fitzpatrick's Color Atlas and Synopsis of Clinical Dermatology*, 7th ed. New York, McGraw-Hill, 2013.)



FIGURE 25e-10 Systemic lupus erythematosus showing prominent malar erythema and minimal scaling. Involvement of other sun-exposed sites is also common. (Reprinted from K Wolff, RA Johnson: *Fitzpatrick's Color Atlas and Synopsis of Clinical Dermatology*, 6th ed. New York, McGraw-Hill, 2009.)



FIGURE 25e-11 Subacute lupus erythematosus on the upper chest, with brightly erythematous and slightly edematous coalescent papules and plaques. (Reprinted from K Wolff, RA Johnson: *Fitzpatrick's Color Atlas and Synopsis of Clinical Dermatology*, 6th ed. New York, McGraw-Hill, 2009.)



FIGURE 25e-13 The rash of Still's disease typically exhibits evanescent, erythematous papules that appear at the height of fever on the trunk and proximal extremities. (Courtesy of Stephen E. Gellis, MD; with permission.)