



nutrition, and prolonged hospitalization. Prolonged rehabilitation in a skilled facility after the initial hospitalization and additional home-based therapy may be required. Patients may have permanent disabilities, including impaired renal function or persistent debilitation from procedures required to treat the underlying infection.

SUGGESTED READINGS

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- Dellinger RP, Levy MM, Rhodes A, et al: Surviving Sepsis Campaign: international guidelines for management of severe sepsis and septic shock, 2012, *Intensive Care Med* 39:165–228, 2013.
- Hotchkiss RS, Coopersmith CM, McDunn JE, et al: The sepsis seesaw: tilting toward immunosuppression, *Nat Med* 15:496–497, 2009.
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